

Agriculture will be Africa's quiet revolution, says report

With a focus on SMEs and smallholder farmers creating the high productivity jobs and sustainable economic growth that failed to materialise from mineral deposits and increased urbanisation, the latest Africa Agriculture Status Report (AASR) has indicated that agriculture will be Africa's quiet revolution.



Vrinda Khushu via [Wikimedia Commons](#)

According to the report commissioned by Alliance for a Green Revolution in Africa (AGRA), smart investments in the food system can aid the revolution if planned correctly.

Despite 37% of the population now living in urban centres, the report showed that most jobs have been created in lower productivity services rather than in industry, with this service sector accounting for more than half of the continent's GDP.

Commenting on the report findings, the President of AGRA Dr. Agnes Kalibata said: "Africa has the latent natural resource endowments, skills, human and land capacity to tip the balance of payments and move from importer to exporter by eating food made in Africa. This report shows us that agriculture involving an inclusive transformation that goes beyond the farm to agribusinesses will be Africa's surest and fastest path to that new level of prosperity."

To succeed, she explained that Africa's agricultural revolution needs to be very different to those seen in the rest of world. It requires an inclusive approach that links millions of small farms to agribusinesses, creating extended food supply chains and employment opportunities for millions including those that will transition from farming.



AGRICULTURE

African agribusiness and smallholders must seize opportunities in potential \$1 trillion food market

7 Sep 2017

This is in contrast to the model often seen elsewhere in the world of moving to large-scale commercial farming and food processing, which employs relatively few people and requires high levels of capital.

The report highlights the opportunity for Africa to feed the continent with food made in Africa that meets the growing demand of affluent, fast-growing urban populations on the continent looking for high value processed and pre-cooked foods.

Furthermore, it advocates that this opportunity should be met by many of the continent's existing smallholder farmers. Currently, part of this growing demand for Africa's food is met by imports. These amount to \$35bn yearly and are expected to grow.

to cost \$110bn by 2025 unless Africa improves the productivity and global competitiveness of its agribusiness and agricultural sectors.

Private sector holds key to the transformation

The report acknowledges that the private sector holds the key to the transformation of the food system so far.



AGRICULTURE

Major investments, partnerships a boost for African agriculture and economy

15 Sep 2017

"Impressive value addition and employment is being created by SMEs along value chains in the form of increased agricultural trade, farm servicing, agro-processing, urban retailing and food services. Large agribusinesses like seed companies, agro-processors and supermarkets are also playing an increasing role in the food value chain in many regions," said Peter Hazell (IFPRI), the technical director of the report.

However, the study is clear that left to the private sector alone, growth in the agrifood system will not be as fast as it could, nor will it benefit as many smallholder farmers and SMEs as it could.

Government support is needed to both stimulate and guide the transition. As a high priority, governments need to create an enabling business environment and in particular, meet targets to invest ten percent of GDP in agriculture, agreed at the 2014 African Union (AU) Summit as part of The Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Programme (CAADP).

For more, visit: <https://www.bizcommunity.com>